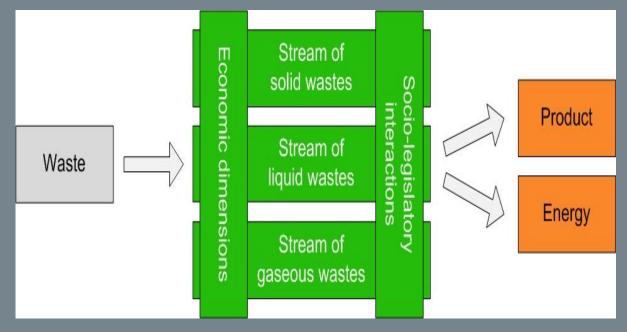




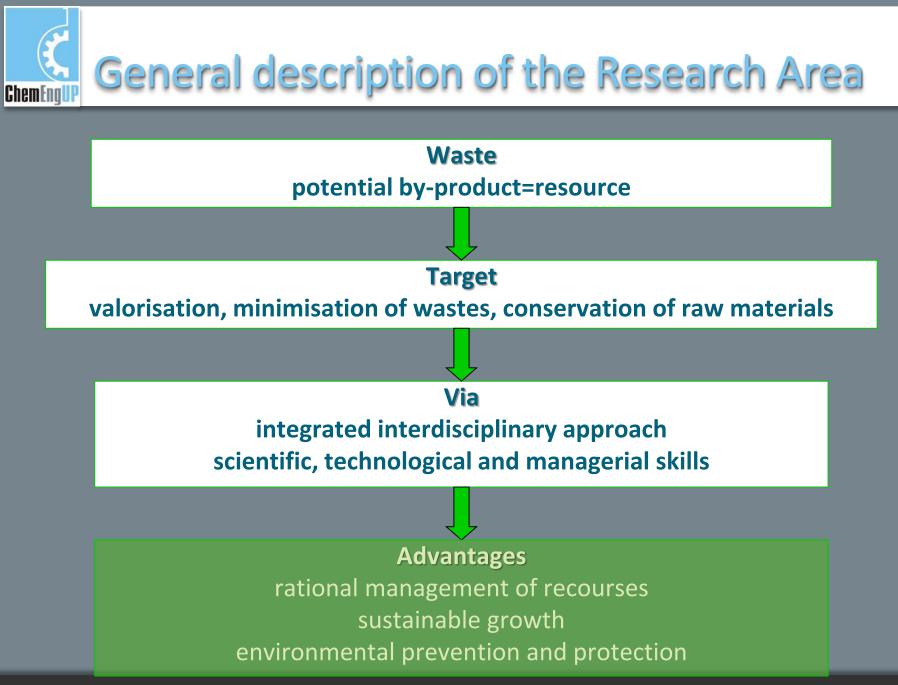


Network on Sustainable Management of Resources and Waste Valorisation (WASTEVALOR)



Prof. G.N. Angelopoulos Coordinator

http://wastevalor.upatras.gr







George Angelopoulos

• Professor

• Solid inorganic wastes valorization



Michael Kornaros

- Assistant Professor
- Environmental Biotechnology & Organic Waste Valorization



Petros Koutsoukos

- Professor
- Crystal growth processes



Dionissios Mantzavinos

- Professor
- Advanced oxidation processes in H₂O/WWT



Assistant Professor

Ioannis Kookos

• Design, Optimization & Techno-economic analysis



Christakis Paraskeva

- Assistant Professor
- Separation processes in WWT



Victor Stivanakis

- Lecturer
- Exploitation of inorganic wastes



Dimitrios Petroutsos

- Lecturer (Appointment Pending)
- Biotechnological exploitation of photosynthesis



Panagiotis Nikolopoulos

- Professor Emeritus
- Ceramic and composite materials



Industrial solid wastes and by-products valorization

George N. ANGELOPOULOS, Professor





Professor George N. Angelopoulos High temperature Processes of Materials Technology of Materials



Dr. A. Christogerou

Dr. N. Marazioti





MSc. D. Koumpouri

Konstantinos Pittas



Valorization of industrial by-products

Valorization of metallurgical slags, red mud, boron wastes, fly ash, bottom ash etc. in:

- > Cements
- Ceramics, heavy clay ceramics
- Light weight aggregates
- Absorbents, gas cleaning

Development of new materials:

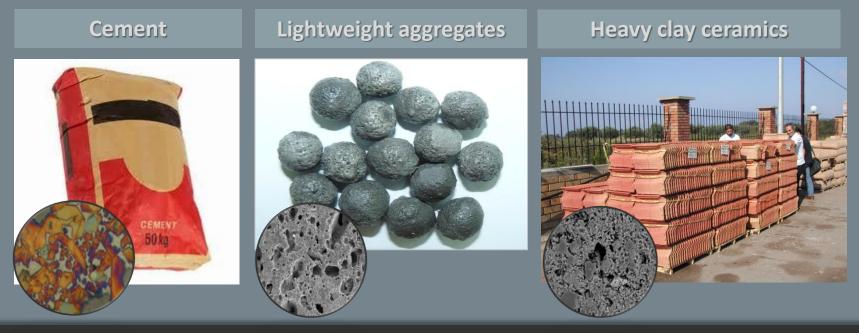
- Low energy, low carbon cements (belite, sulfo-ferroaluminate cements)
- Ceramic Tiles with Photocatalytic properties
- Ceramic porous materials from wastes
- Geopolymers from wastes



- Seek for high added value applications
- Seek for high volume process

Ideally...

- Introduce in existing industrial process with no changes in the production cycle
- Final product comparable in quality with the currently produced one (physicochemical, mechanical properties and environmental behaviour)



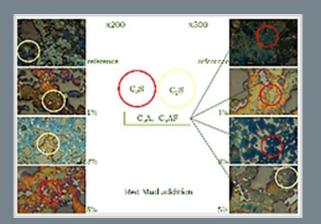


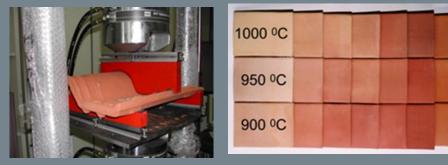


Installation of filter presses at Aluminum of Greece. (*Total Investment of installation:* 12,000,000 €, AI-Hellas) Since 2012 red mud is stockpilled and pot

Since 2012 red mud is stockpiled and not dumped in Corinthian Gulf with subsequent environmental and economic benefits

Heavy clay products (roofing tiles, bricks) with RM addition *Panagiotopoulos SA*





Portland cement with red mud addition





ERF slag: 2,3 x 10⁶t/y dumped in Evoikos gulf, Greece

EAF Slag: 98,000t/y, Greece

Red Mud: 700.000t/y dumped in Corinthian gulf, Greece

Boron Wastes: 400.000t/y Turkey



NETWORK

 "WasteValor" intra-university network. 15 faculty members from 3 departments are participating and 3 local industries are endorsing

RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE APPLICATION

INVALOR" Institute of Waste Valorization and Sustainable Management of Resources with vision of the foundation of a "knowledge society group" on the concept that byproducts should be considered as Resources. More than 45 faculty members from 7 national Universities and 1 research institute are participating. More than 50 industries are endorsing the proposal

RESEARCH PROJECTS (INDICATIVE)

- Valorization of red mud in the cement and ceramic industries, General Secretariat of Research and Technology (GSRT) Greece, EPAN 12252/19-11-02, 2003-2007, 1.811.246€, with Aluminium of Greece, TITAN, AGET Heracles (Lafarge), Panagiotopoulos SA.
- Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection in iron recycling. ESPA 2007-2013, GSRT 2011-2013, (780,00 EURO), UP, SOVEL, ELKEME

PATENT

 "Process for the Production of Structural ceramics from Bayer's process Bauxite Residue" Patent 20070100393/19.06.2007



Environmental Biotechnology and Valorization of Organic Wastes

Michael KORNAROS, Assist. Professor





Dr. K. Vavouraki, Postdoc Researcher



M. Dareioti, PhD student



K. Stavropoulos, MSc student



M. Zakoura, MSc student



G. Raptis, MSc student



A. Kophahelis (MSc), Researcher



V. Manos, MSc student



C. Karavas, MSc student



T. Vgenis, Research Associate



I. Paschaki, Research Associate

Undergraduate Students: 6



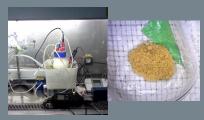


ChemFnn



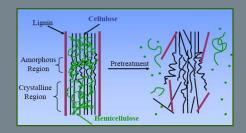
- Exploitation of agroindustrial wastes, organic residues and energy crops via anaerobic co-digestion for the production of gaseous biofuels (H₂ and CH₄). Studies at laboratory and pilot scale.
- High-rate anaerobic reactors (UASB reactors) for the treatment of wastewater rich in soluble organic compounds (mainly industrial liquid streams).



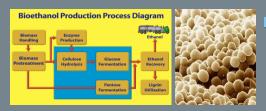


- Valorization of olive mill wastewaters for the production of biopolymers (polyhydroxyalkanoates - PHAs) using pure and mixed microbial cultures.
- Exploitation of waste streams for the production of Surfactants (Sophorolipids, Rhamnolipids) via biological processes.





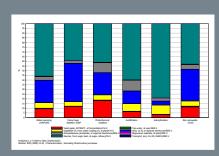
Thermochemical pre-treatment and enzymatic hydrolysis of energy crops and food wastes (lignocellulosic and starchy biomass) for increased saccharification.



Alcoholic fermentation of Food Wastes for Bioethanol production with the use of selected strains such as Saccharomyces cerevisiae.







- Polyphenols recovery from olive mill wastes by physical adsorption using different AmberliteTM XAD-type polymeric adsorbents (resins).
- Application of Life-Cycle Analysis methodology for the assessment of the environmental performance of innovative environmental processes and industrial products development.



Optimized integrated management scheme for agroindustrial wastes valorization

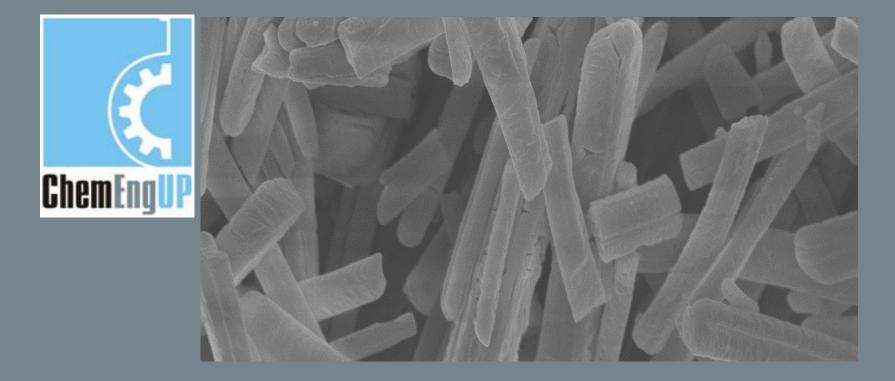




- Project Title : "Development of sustainable biogas strategies for integrated agroindustrial waste management (BIOGAIA)". Program : European Territorial Cooperation Programme Greece – Italy 2007-2013 (MIS Code : 902020). Budget (LBEET) : 410 k€. Duration : 30 months (2011-2014).
- Project Title : "Development of novel environmentally added-value surfactants and esters by biotechnological processes from fats and oils waste streams (Bio-SURFEST)". Program : BSG-SME-Research for the benefit of SMEs (No 286834). Budget (LBEET) : 148 k€. Duration : 24 months (2011-2013).
- Project Title : "Mobile Integrated Sustainable System for Treatment of Organic Wastewater (MISSTOW)".Program : CIP-EIP-Eco-Innovation-2010 (No 277241). Budget (LBEET) : 174 k€. Duration : 36 months (2011-2014).
- Project Title : "Sustainable Management via Energy Exploitation of End-Of-Life DAIRy Products In CyprUS (DAIRIUS)". Program : LIFE10 ENV/CY/000721. Budget (LBEET) : 380 k€. Duration : 36 months (2011-2014).
- Project Title : "Integrated management of agroindustrial wastes and plant biomass". Program : Heracleitus II (12/121/4). Budget (LBEET) : 45 k€. Duration : 36 months (2010-2013).
- Project Title : "Development of integrated agroindustrial waste management politics maximizing materials recovery and energy exploitation (INTEGRASTE)". Program : LIFE+08 ENV/GR/000578. Budget (LBEET) : 339 k€.Duration : 45 months (2010-2013).



- Vavouraki et al., 2013. "Optimization of thermo-chemical pretreatment and enzymatic hydrolysis of kitchen wastes". Waste Management, in press
- Dareioti et al., 2010. "Exploitation of olive mill wastewater and liquid cow manure for biogas production". Waste Management, 30 (10), 1841-1848.
- Dareioti et al., 2009. "Biogas production from anaerobic co-digestion of agroindustrial wastewaters under mesophilic conditions in a two-stage process". Desalination, 248 (1-3), 891-906.
- Zakoura et al. "Assessing the performance of high-rate anaerobic reactors treating threephase olive mill wastewater (OMW)" oral presentation to the 13th World Congress on Anaerobic Digestion: Recovering (bio) Resources for the World, Santiago de Compostela (Spain), 25-28 June, 2013.
- Stavropoulos et al. "Valorization of End-of-Life dairy products via co-digestion with agroindustrial wastes for biogas production". 5th International Conference on Engineering for Waste and Biomass Valorization, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, 24-28 August, 2014.

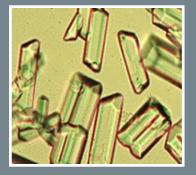


Research Group on Crystal Growth Processes

Petros G. KOUTSOUKOS, Professor A.N.Kofina (PhD), J. Mpountas (PhD cand.), Th. Mavrikou, (MSc)



Struvite = magnesium ammonium phosphate hexahydrate, MgNH₄PO₄· $6H_2O$







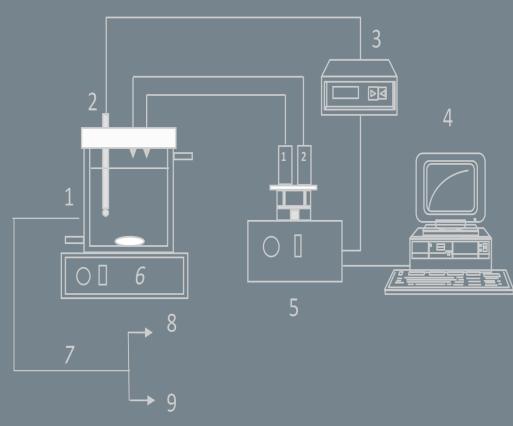
Recovery of phosphorus in municipal and other wastewaters through the direct crystallization of a fertilizer

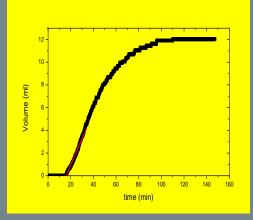




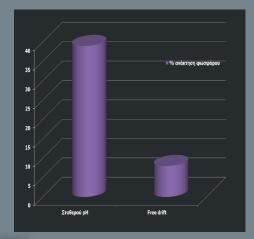
$Mg_{(aq)}^{+2} + NH_{4(aq)}^{+1} + H_2 PO_{4(aq)}^{-2} \leftrightarrow MgNH_4PO_4.6H_2O_{(s)} \downarrow + 2H_{(aq)}^{+1}$

Continuous crystallizer Continuous removal of crystalline material





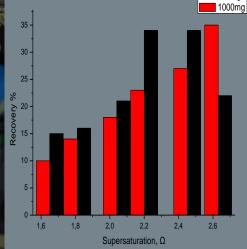
Kinetics of crystal growth



1: Thermostatted batch reactor magnetically stirred (6) 2: pH measurement electrode (glass/Ag/AgCl combination). 3: Syringe Pumps Controller (5). 4: pH for data acquisition and control. 7: Sampling 8: solid/liquid separation 9: Chemical analysis.

Comparison of P recovery in experiments at constant pH and free-



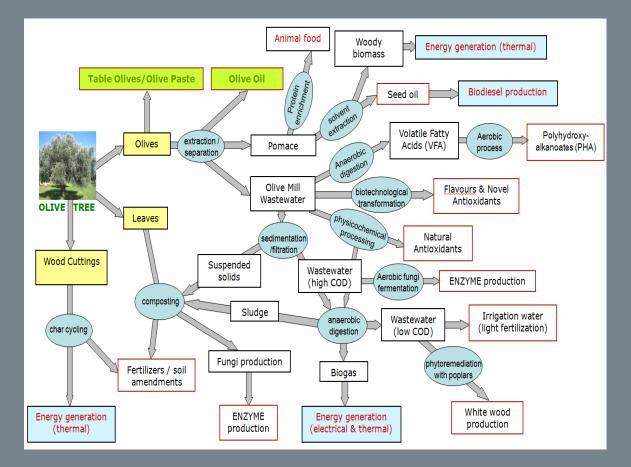


500mg

P recovery in the form of struvite in a FBR; Quartz particles; pH 6.50, 25 C

Fluidized bed reactor for the study of heterogeneous crystal growth of struvite





The "AOPs" Research Group

Dionissios MANTZAVINOS, Professor



Research interests (besides or alongside AOPs)

- Sustainable management of agro-industrial effluents including valorization and post-treatment
- □ Waste to energy
- □ Effluent organic matter to re-usable water
- □ Life cycle analysis (LCA)
- □ For other (core) activities, see next presentation



DM is the latest addition to the Dept (3/2013), so the group has to be reborn from its ashes (hopefully not !)

Nonetheless...



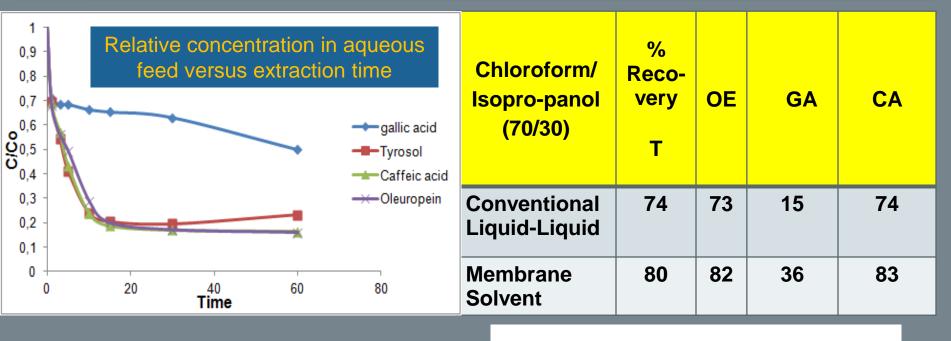
Dr Z. Frontistis post-doc researcher



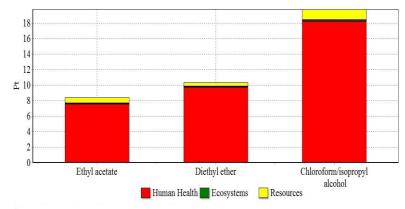
Mr E. Marti Mestres Erasmus student Uni. of Barcelona, Spain

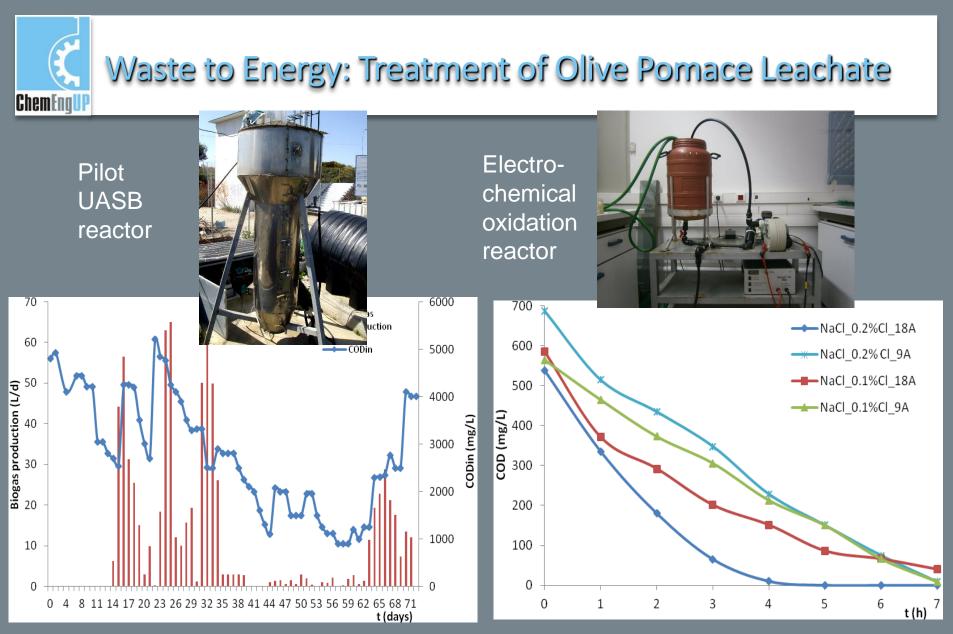


L-L and Membrane Extraction for OMW Phenols



Impact assessment of damage categories for the L-L extraction of tyrosol from OMW





Sequential UASB treatment and electrochemical oxidation of olive pomace leachate

ChemEngue Publications - Projects

- N.Kalogerakis et al, Recovery of antioxidants from olive mill wastewaters: A viable solution that promotes their overall sustainable management, *Journal of Environmental Management*, **128**, (2013), 749-758.
- P.C. Papaphilippou et al, Sequential coagulation-flocculation, solvent extraction and solar-Fenton oxidation for the valorization and treatment of olive mill effluent, Chemical Engineering Journal, 224, (2013), 82-88.
- E.Chatzisymeon et al, Life cycle assessment of advanced oxidation processes for olive mill wastewater treatment, *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 54, (2013), 229-234.
- A. Katson et al, Cheese whey treatment by sequential anaerobic digestion in a pilot scale upflow sludge blanket reactor and electrochemical oxidation, In Proceed. 3rd European Conference on Environmental Applications of Advanced Oxidation Processes, Almeria,

Spain, October 2013.

- F.Federici et al, Valorisation of agro-industrial by-products, effluents and waste: concept, opportunities and the case of olive mill wastewaters, *Journal of Chemical Technology & Biotechnology*, 84(6), (2009), 895-900.
- PAVET, 385 k€, under evaluation: Co-processing of red mud and olive mill wastewaters for the production of novel high-added value products (Aluminium SA, NTUA, other colleagues from UP)



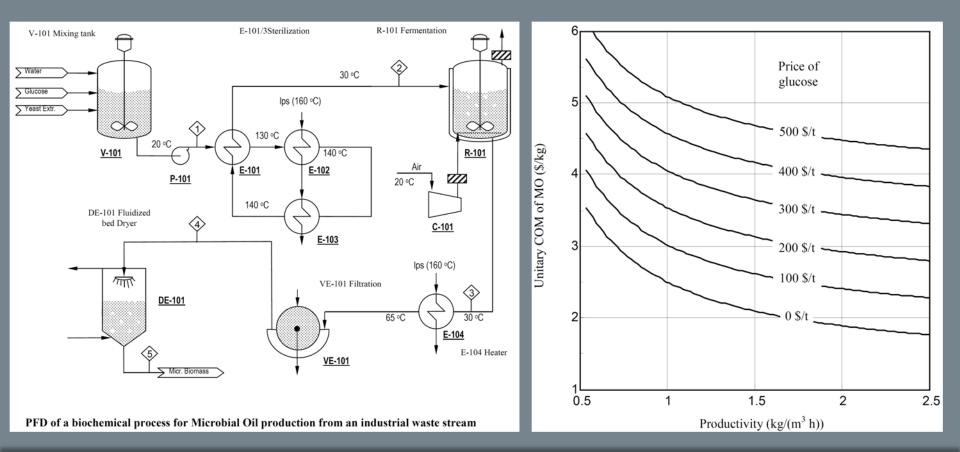
Design, Optimization and Technoeconomic analysis of Chemical & Biochemical Systems

Ioannis K. KOOKOS, Assist. Professor

A. Psaltis PhD student & C. Charalabidou MSc student.



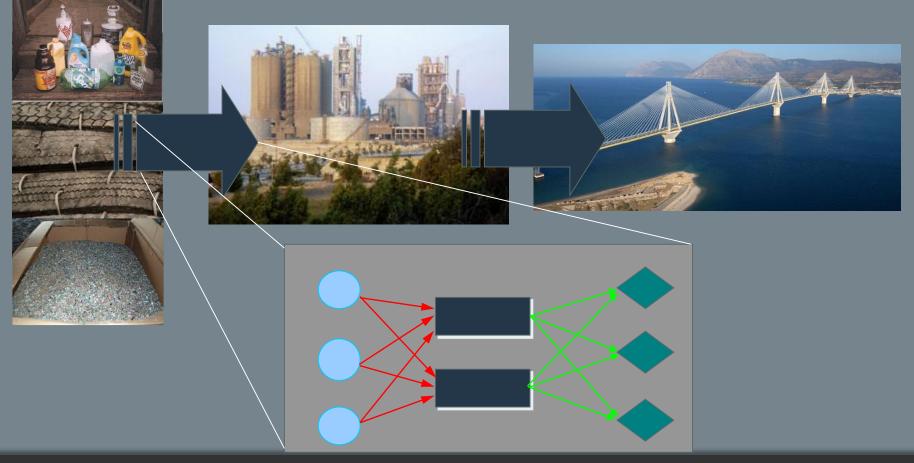
Economic and environmental analysis of chemical and biochemical systems





• Development of High Fidelity Models and Optimization of Energy Systems

Application : development of Linear Programming models for the use of alternative fuels or raw materials in cement production





A combined coagulation/flocculation and membrane filtration process for the treatment of industrial wastewaters

Christakis PARASKEVA, Assist. Professor

D. Zagklis, PhD cand., S. Kontos, I. lakovides, E. Pavlakou. Graduate students

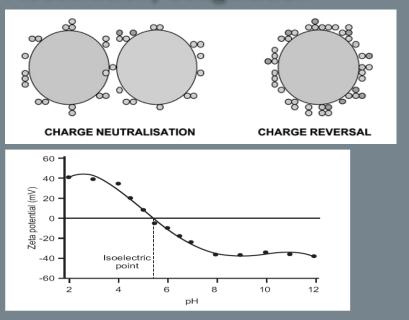


Scope and objective

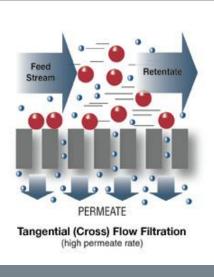
The treatment of industrial wastewaters by physicochemical methods

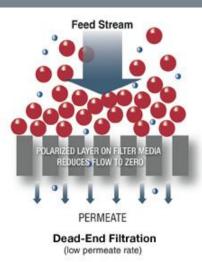
- Flocculation/Coagulation
- Membrane Filtration
- Recycling of treated water

Flocculation/Coagulation



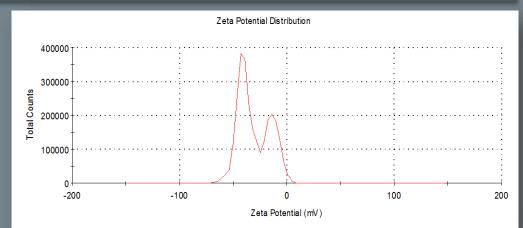
Membrane filtration







 The wastes consisted of organic polymers of polyvinyl acetate, polyacrylic esters and traces of monomer, etc

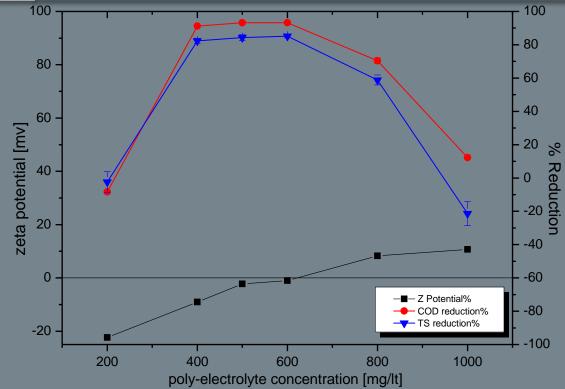


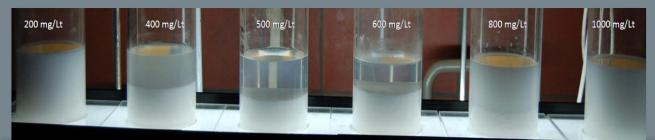
Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
COD (mg/l)	16710±280	19887±70	960±212
TS (g/l)	11.55±0.01	10.21 ±0.61	5.64±0.08
Zeta potential (mV)	-1.02mV	-30.7mV	-2.52mV
Particle size (nm)	3797 (82%) 285 (18%)	187 (100%)	83 (100%)

Tested polyelectrolytes

- Poly(Diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride)
- Poly(Ethylenimine)
- Poly(Allylamine)

Results [Experiments with Poly diallyldimethylammonium chloride]





Reduction COD 95%.

TS reduction over 80%

Better performance in the container with concentration of 500 mg / l.



Other tested industrial wastewaters

- Bar boiled rice process
- Red mud wastes
- Pulp paper wastes

Relevant Projects

- STInno Sustainable Innovations and Treatment in Industrial Waste Water Clusters, 2 009
- Innovation coupons, GSRT (Innovation Coupons for SMEs), 2009
- SWAM Increasing the regional competitiveness and economic growth through the RTD&I on sustainable water management, 2010
- Development of new polymeric membranes with carbon nanotubes for the treatment of aqueous wastewaters' MEKKA-SYNERGASIA, GSET, 2010
- Tempus IV, Noria: 'Strengthening Innovation Strategy and Improving the Technology Transfer in the Water Technology Sector of Morocco, 2012



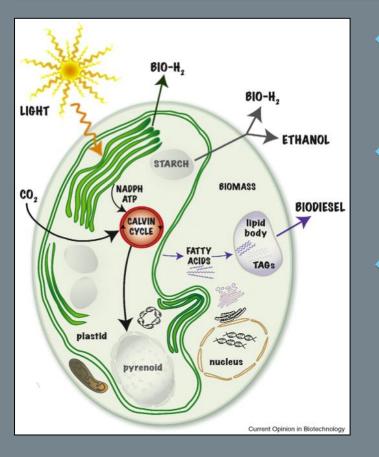


Algae Biology and Biotechnology

Coupling basic research with applied science in the field of photosynthesis

Dimitris PETROUTSOS, lecturer (appointment pending) current position: CEA Grenoble, France, Laboratory of Plant Cell Physiology



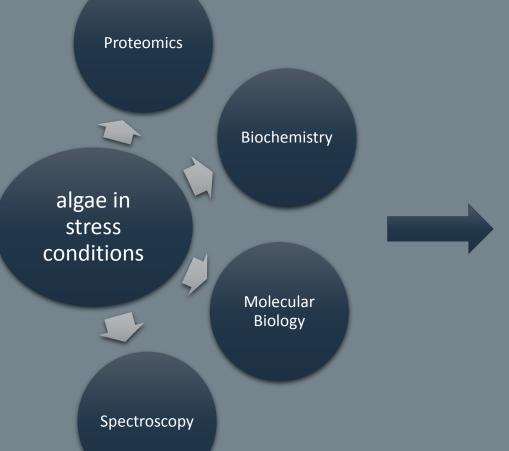


Unicellular algae are powerful cell factories with high potential for biotechnological exploitation.

In depth understanding of algae biology is prerequisite for sustainable biotechnological applications.

We focus in studying the acclimation of algae to stress conditions that favor formation of high added value products (ie –N and high light induce lipid production, -O₂ induces H₂ production).





Discovery of unknown function proteins

Discovery of novel acclimation mechanisms

Identification of target proteins of biotechnological interest

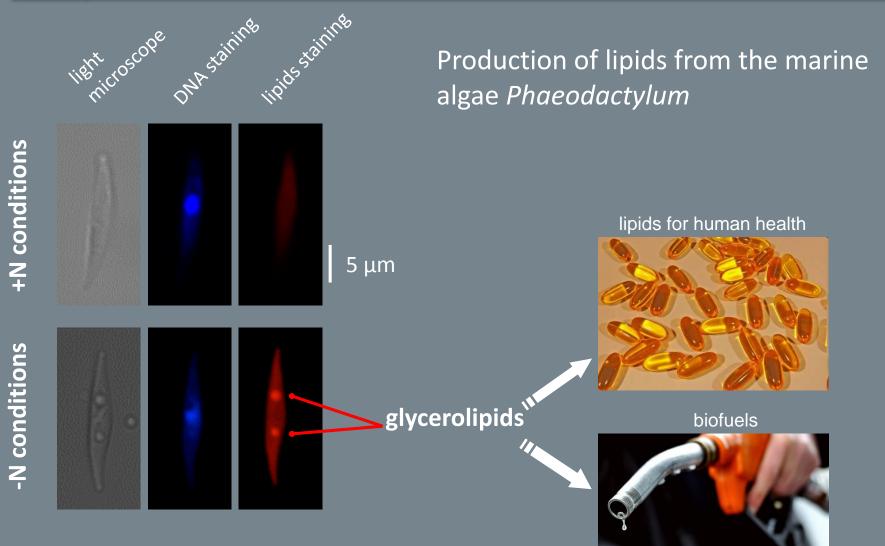


A Ca²⁺-binding protein localized in the chloroplasts is essential for photoprotection in the green algae *Chlamydomonas*, via a Ca²⁺ signaling cascade (Plant Cell 2011, PNAS 2012).

A Fe-binding protein named PGRL1, localized in the chloroplasts, is crucial for acclimation of *Chlamydomonas* to anaerobic conditions and to iron deficiency (JBC 2009).

Down-regulation of the protein PGRL1 enhances dramatically the H₂ production in this algae, under anaerobic conditions (Plant Cell 2011).





Thank you for your attention